**PATENT** 

## N THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the U.S. Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on November 29, 2005.

Lisa D. Bronk

Appl No.

: 09/775,315

Confirmation No. 8247

Applicant

: Hyun-Sook Jung, et al.

Filed

: February 1, 2001

Title

: POSITIVE ACTIVE MATERIAL FOR RECHARGEABLE LITHIUM

BATTERY AND METHOD OF PREPARING SAME

TC/A.U.

: 1745

Examiner

: Julian A. Mercado

Docket No.

: 41671/DBP/Y35

Customer No.

: 23363

## **DECLARATION UNDER 37 CFR § 1.132**

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 Post Office Box 7068 Pasadena, CA 91109-7068 November 29, 2005

#### Commissioner:

#### I, Hyun-Sook Jung, hereby declare that:

- 1. I received a bachelor's degree in chemistry from Han-yang University in 1996and a master's degree in chemistry from KAIST in 1998. I have been employed by Samsung SDI Co., Ltd. since 1997. My responsibilities include research in the area of lithium ion batteries, and I consider myself an expert on positive active materials for lithium ion batteries.
- 2. A lithium ion battery cell was fabricated in the same manner as set forth in Example 4 of the present specification at page 13, lines 4 to 17, except that the positive active material was prepared by mixing LiMnO<sub>2</sub> and Li<sub>1,03</sub>Ni<sub>0.8</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in a weight ratio of 2/8.

## Appln No. 09/775,315

- 3. Another lithium ion battery cell was fabricated in the same manner as set forth in Example 4 of the present specification at page 13, lines 4 to 17, except that the positive active material was prepared by mixing LiMnO<sub>2</sub> and Li<sub>1.03</sub>Ni<sub>0.8</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> in a weight ratio of greater than 1.
- 4. The lithium ion battery cell was charged and discharged according to the procedure set forth in the specification for examples 4 to 7 at page 14, line 23 to page 15, line 5. Namely, charge and discharge cycles were carried out once at 0.1C, three times at 0.2c, 10 times at 0.5C and 100 times at 1C between voltage limits of 4.3 and 3.0V. The discharge capacity of the lithium ion battery cell including the positive active material having a weight ratio of oxides of less than 1 was measured and the results are shown in the following table.

Ratio of Mn oxide to Ni-Mn oxide	Discharge Capacity (mAh/g)
Greater than 1	142
2/8	179

- 5. As can be seen from the table, the discharge capacity of the cell containing a positive active material according to the invention, i.e. having a weight ratio of oxides less than one, is superior to that of a cell containing a positive active material having a weight ratio of oxides greater than one. In my opinion, the superior results achieved using the inventive positive active material were unexpected.
- 6. Comparative Example 1 A half-cell was fabricated by first preparing a physical mixture of Li<sub>0.98</sub>Ni<sub>0.82</sub>Co<sub>0.18</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and Li<sub>1.05</sub>Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> in a weight ratio of 90:10 wt%. The physical mixture was prepared by mixing Li<sub>0.98</sub>Ni<sub>0.82</sub>Co<sub>0.18</sub>O<sub>2</sub> with Li<sub>1.05</sub>Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> in a mortar.
- 7. Comparative Example 2 a half-cell was fabricated as in Comparative Example 1, except that the weight ratio of Li<sub>0.98</sub>Ni<sub>0.82</sub>Co<sub>0.18</sub>O<sub>2</sub> to Li<sub>1.05</sub>Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> was 80:20 wt%.

### Appln No. 09/775,315

- 8. Comparative Example 3 a half-cell was fabricated as in Comparative Example 1, except that the weight ratio of Li<sub>0.98</sub>Ni<sub>0.82</sub>Co<sub>0.18</sub>O<sub>2</sub> to Li<sub>1.05</sub>Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> was 70:30 wt%.
- 9. The charge and discharge characteristics of Comparative Examples 1 to 3, above, and Examples 1 to 3 described in the specification at page 9, line 21 to page 10 line 23 were measured. The charge and discharge cycles were carried out one at 0.1 C, three times at 0.2 C, 10 times at 0.5 C and 100 times at 1 C between voltage limits of 4.3 and 3.0 V. The charge and discharge characteristics are listed in the following table.

	Weight Ratio of Ni-Co Based Material / Mn Based Material (wt%)	Discharge Capacity (mAh/g)	Mid-discharge Voltage (18 mAh/g reference, V)	Overall Results
Example 1	9/1	171	3.812	Good
Example 2	8/2	158	3.881	Good
Example 3	7/3	154	3.889	Good
Comparative Example 1	9/1	158	3.792	No good
Comparative Example 2	8/2	162	3.792	No good
Comparative Example 3	. 7/3	145	3.839	No good

- 10. As can be seen from the table, the discharge capacities and mid-discharge voltages of the cells containing chemical mixtures according to the invention, are superior to those cells containing physical mixtures of oxides. In my opinion, the superior results achieved using the inventive positive active material were unexpected.
- 11. I declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States

# Appln No. 09/775,315

Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application of	r any
patent issued thereon.	

Date Nov. 29, 2005 By Hyunsook Jung

Hyun-Sook Jung

LES/ldb LES PAS652747.1-\*-11/28/05 10:55 AM